

**SPECIFICATION & DESIGN MANUAL** 

# Zamac Hammer-Screw<sup>M</sup> Nail Anchor PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Zamac Hammer-Screw is a unique, one-step nail drive anchor featuring a Phillips type head and a screw thread for use in concrete, block, brick or stone. It is available in 1/4" diameter and lengths ranging from 3/4" to 3". With a body formed from corrosion resistant Zamac alloy and a carbon or stainless steel drive screw, this anchor has been developed as an improvement over standard nailin anchors.

Traditionally, Zamac Nailin anchors have been used for light duty, non-engineered applications and have not been recommended for use overhead. In order to overcome these problems, the Zamac Hammer-Screw has been designed to provide a removable anchor with up to 40% higher tension load capacities when installed in concrete.

While the standard Zamac Nailin has not been recommended for use overhead, the Zamac Hammer-Screw can be used overhead provided it is designed by an engineer who will take the proper design considerations and safety factors into account.

# **GENERAL APPLICATIONS AND USES**

• Roof Flashings

• Electrical Fixtures

- HVAC and Mechanical Attachments
- Brick Ties and Masonry Anchorage
  - Drywall trackMaintenance

# FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- General purpose anchoring
- Installs in a variety of base materials
- Removable anchor when screw is backed out with a Phillips head driver

# **APPROVALS AND LISTINGS**

Southern Building Code Conference International (SBCCI) #9944A

Federal GSA Specification Meets the proof load requirements of FF-S-325C, Group V, Type 2, Class 3, (superseded) and CID A-A 1925A, Type 1

#### **GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS**

**CSI Divisions:** 03151-Concrete Anchoring, 04081-Masonry Anchorage and 05090-Metal Fastenings. Pin Anchors shall be Zamac Hammer-Screw anchors as supplied by Powers Fasteners, Inc., Brewster, NY.

# INSTALLATION AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### **Installation Specifications**

	Anchor Diameter, d
Dimension	1/4"
ANSI Drill Bit Size, d <sub>bit</sub> (in.)	1/4
Fixture Clearance Hole (in.)	5/16
Head Height (in.)	9/64
Head Width <i>d<sub>hd</sub></i> (in.)	35/64

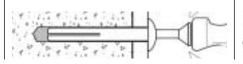
## **Installation Guidelines**

Drill a hole into the base material to a depth of at least 1/4" deeper than the required embedment. The tolerances of the drill bit used should meet the requirements of ANSI Standard B212.15. Blow the hole clean of dust and other material.

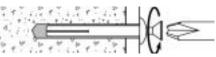


Insert the anchor through the fixture. Drive the screw into the anchor body to expand it. Be sure the head is seated firmly against the fixture and that the anchor is at the proper embedment.

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To remove – Press a Phillips screw driver firmly into the screw head and turn counterclockwise. Remove the screw from the anchor body, then pry out the fixture and anchor body simultaneously by working the claw of a hammer under the fixture



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Zamac Hammer-Screw

#### **ANCHOR MATERIALS**

Zamac Alloy with Carbon or Stainless Steel Drive Screw

#### **ANCHOR SIZE RANGE (TYP.)**

1/4" x 3/4" to 1/4" x 3" diameter

#### SUITABLE BASE MATERIALS

Normal-Weight Concrete Hollow Concrete Masonry Brick Masonry

# TIONS

# Material Specifications

A	Component Material				
Anchor Component	Mushroom Head	Mushroom Head			
component	Carbon Steel Screw	Stainless Screw			
Drive Screw	AISI 1018	Type 304 SS			
Anchor Body	Zamac Alloy	Zamac Alloy			
Screw Plating	ASTM B 633, SC1, Type III (Fe/Zn 5)	N/A			
Screw Coating	Perma-Seal Fluoropolymer	N/A			

# PERFORMANCE DATA

## Ultimate Load Capacities for Zamac Hammer-Screw in Normal-Weight Concrete<sup>1,2</sup>

Anchor	Minimum	Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength (f'c)					
Diameter	Embedment Depth h <sub>v</sub> in. (mm)	2,000 psi	i (13.8 MPa) <b>4,000 p</b>		(27.6 MPa)	6,000 psi (	41.4 MPa)
<b>d</b> in. (mm)		Tension Ibs. (kN)	Shear Ibs. (kN)	Tension Ibs. (kN)	Shear Ibs. (kN)	Tension Ibs. (kN)	Shear Ibs. (kN)
	<b>5/8</b>	<b>675</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>850</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>880</b>
	(15.9)	(3.0)	(2.9)	(3.8)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)
	<b>3/4</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,190</b>	<b>1,115</b>
	(19.1)	(3.6)	(3.6)	(5.1)	(5.0)	(5.4)	(5.0)
	<b>7/8</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>990</b>	<b>1,205</b>	<b>1,230</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>1,230</b>
	(22.2)	(4.2)	(4.5)	(5.4)	(5.5)	(5.6)	(5.5)
<b>1/4</b>	<b>1 1/8</b>	<b>1,220</b>	<b>1,365</b>	<b>1,350</b>	<b>1,470</b>	<b>1,450</b>	1,470
(6.4)	(28.6)	(5.5)	(6.1)	(6.1)	(6.6)	(6.5)	(6.6)
	<b>1 3/8</b>	<b>1,325</b>	<b>1,555</b>	<b>1,450</b>	<b>1,645</b>	1,530	<b>1,645</b>
	(34.9)	(6.0)	(7.0)	(6.5)	(7.4)	(6.9)	(7.4)
	<b>1 3/4</b>	<b>1,480</b>	<b>1,840</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>1,910</b>	<b>1,660</b>	<b>1,910</b>
	(44.5)	(6.7)	(8.3)	(7.2)	(8.6)	(7.5)	(8.6)
	<b>1 7/8</b>	1,480	<b>1,840</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>1,910</b>	1 <b>,660</b>	<b>1,910</b>
	(47.6)	(6.7)	(8.3)	(7.2)	(8.6)	(7.5)	(8.6)

1. The values listed above are ultimate load capacities which should be reduced by a minimum safety factor of 4.0 or greater to determine the allowable working load.

2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine ultimate loads for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.

#### Allowable Load Capacities for Zamac Hammer-Screw in Normal-Weight Concrete<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Anchor	Minimum		Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength (f'c)					
Diameter	Embedment Depth	2,000 psi (13.8 MPa)		<b>4,000 psi</b> (27.6 MPa)		6,000 psi (41.4 MPa)		
<b>d</b>	<i>h</i> ν	Tension	<b>Shear</b>	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	
in.	in.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	
(mm)	(mm)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	
	<b>5/8</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>220</b>	
	(15.9)	(0.8)	(0.7)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	
	<b>3/4</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>200</b>	285	<b>280</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>280</b>	
	(19.1)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(1.3)	(1.3)	(1.4)	(1.3)	
	<b>7/8</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>250</b>	300	<b>310</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>310</b>	
	(22.2)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.4)	(1.4)	(1.4)	(1.4)	
1/4	<b>1 1/8</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>370</b>	
(6.4)	(28.6)	(1.4)	(1.5)	(1.5)	(1.7)	(1.6)	(1.7)	
	<b>1 3/8</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>410</b>	
	(34.9)	(1.5)	(1.8)	(1.6)	(1.8)	(1.7)	(1.8)	
	<b>1 3/4</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>460</b>	400	<b>480</b>	<b>415</b>	<b>480</b>	
	(44.5)	(1.7)	(2.1)	(1.8)	(2.2)	(1.9)	(2.2)	
	<b>1 7/8</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>460</b>	400	<b>480</b>	<b>415</b>	<b>480</b>	
	(47.6)	(1.7)	(2.1)	(1.8)	(2.2)	(1.9)	(2.2)	

1. Allowable load capacities listed are calculated using an applied safety factor of 4.0.

2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine allowable loads for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.

3. Critical and minimum spacing and edge distances as well as reduction factors for intermediate spacing and edge distances are listed in the Design Criteria section.



# PERFORMANCE DATA

#### Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Zamac Nailin in Hollow Concrete Masonry<sup>1,2</sup>

Anchor	Minimum	<b>f´</b> <sub>m</sub> ≥ <b>1,500 psi</b> (10.4 MPa)				
Diameter	Embedment Depth	Ultima	Ultimate Load		ole Load	
<b>d</b>	<i>h</i> <sub>ν</sub>	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	
in.	in.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	
(mm)	(mm)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	
	5/8	420	1,160	85	230	
	(15.9)	(1.9)	(5.2)	(0.4)	(1.0)	
	3/4	825	1,215	165	245	
	(19.1)	(3.7)	(5.5)	(0.7)	(1.1)	
1/4 (6.4)	1 (25.4) 1 1/8 (28.6)	1,000 (4.5) 1,090 (4.9)	1,265 (5.7) 1,290 (5.8)	200 (0.9) 220 (1.0)	255 (1.1) 260 (1.2)	
	1 3/8	1,145	1,345	230	270	
	(34.9)	(5.2)	(6.1)	(1.0)	(1.2)	
	1 1/2	1,145	1,345	230	270	
	(38.1)	(5.2)	(6.1)	(1.0)	(1.2)	

1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in minimum 6-inch wide, Grade N, Type II, medium and normal-weight and lightweight concrete masonry units. Mortar must be minimum Type N. Masonry compressive strength must be 1,500 psi minimum at the time of installation.

2. Tabulated load values are applicable to anchors with carbon and stainless steel drive screws. The values listed above are ultimate load capacities which should be reduced by a minimum safety factor of 5.0 or greater to determine the allowable working load.

#### Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Zamac-Hammer Screw in Solid or Hollow Clay Brick Masonry<sup>1,2</sup>

Anchor	Minimum	<b>f′</b> <sub><i>m</i></sub> ≥ <b>1,500 psi</b> (10.4 MPa)				
Diameter	Embedment Depth	Ultima	te Load	Allowat	ole Load	
<b>d</b>	<i>h</i> <sub>v</sub>	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	
in.	in.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	Ibs.	
(mm)	(mm)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	
	5/8	680	1,400	135	<b>280</b>	
	(15.9)	(3.1)	(6.3)	(0.6)	(1.3)	
	3/4	<b>930</b>	1,600	<b>185</b>	<b>320</b>	
	(19.1)	(4.2)	(7.2)	(0.8)	(1.4)	
1/4	1	<b>990</b>	1,600	<b>200</b>	<b>320</b>	
	(25.4)	(4.5)	(7.2)	(0.9)	(1.4)	
1/4	1 1/8	1,040	1,600	<b>210</b>	<b>320</b>	
(6.4)	(28.6)	(4.7)	(7.2)	(0.9)	(1.4)	
	1 3/8	1,150	1,600	<b>230</b>	<b>320</b>	
	(34.9)	(5.2)	(7.2)	(1.0)	(1.4)	
	1 1/2	<b>1,260</b>	1,600	<b>250</b>	<b>320</b>	
	(38.1)	(5.7)	(7.2)	(1.1)	(1.4)	

Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in Grade SW multiple wythe, brick masonry conforming to ASTM C62.
Tabulated load values are applicable to anchors with carbon and stainless steel drive screws. Allowable loads are calculated using an applied safety factor of 5.0.

# DESIGN CRITERIA

#### **Combined Loading**

For anchors loaded in both shear and tension, the combination of loads should be proportioned as follows:

$\left(\frac{N_u}{N_n}\right) + \left(\frac{V_u}{V_n}\right) \leq$	1
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- Where:  $N_u$  = Applied Service Tension Load  $N_n$  = Allowable Tension Load  $V_u$  = Applied Service Shear Load
  - $V_n$  = Allowable Shear Load

#### Load Adjustment Factors for Spacing and Edge Distances

	Anchor Installed in Normal-Weight Concrete						
Anchor Dimension	Load Type	Critical Distance (Full Anchor Capacity)	Critical Load Factor	Minimum Distance (Reduced Capacity)	Minimum Load Factor		
Spacing (s)	Tension and Shear	$s_{cr} = 10 d$	$F_N = F_v = 1.0$	s <sub>min</sub> = 5d	$F_N = F_v = 0.50$		
Edge Distance (c)	Tension	$c_{cr} = 12 d$	<i>F<sub>N</sub></i> = 1.0	c <sub>min</sub> = 5 d	$F_{N} = 0.80$		
	Shear	$c_{cr} = 12 d$	$F_{V} = 1.0$	c <sub>min</sub> = 5 d	$F_{V} = 0.50$		



# **DESIGN CRITERIA**

MECHAN

# Load Adjustment Factors for Normal-Weight Concrete

	Spacing, Tension ( <i>F<sub>N</sub></i> ) & Shear ( <i>F<sub>V</sub></i> )							
Dia	. (in.)	1/4						
	(in.)	2 1/2						
Smi	n (in.)	1 1/4						
(in.)	1 1/4	0.50						
	1 3/8	0.55						
S,	1 9/16	0.63						
i.	1 5/8	0.65						
Spacing,	1 7/8	0.75						
S	2 1/8	0.85						
	2 1/2	1.00						

	Edge Distance, Tension ( $F_N$ )						
Dia	. (in.)	1/4					
Ccr	(in.) n (in.)	3					
	n (in.)	1 1/4					
c (in.)	1 1/4	0.80					
) c (	2	0.89					
ist.	2 1/4	0.91					
Edge Dist.,	2 1/2	0.94					
Edc	3	1.00					

	Edge Distance, Shear ( $F_V$ )						
Dia	. (in.)	1/4					
Ccr	(in.)	3					
	in (in.)	1 1/4					
c (in.)	1 1/4	0.50					
Ű	2	0.71					
ist.	2 1/4	0.79					
Edge Dist.,	2 1/2	0.86					
Ъ,	3	1.00					

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

# **Mushroom Head with No. 2 Phillips Head Screw**

Catalog Number			Drill	Standard	Standard	Wt./
CS	SS	Anchor Size	Diameter	Box	Carton	100
2848	_	1/4" x 2 1/4"	1/4"	100	500	3 1/2
2850	_	1/4" x 3"	1/4"	100	500	4 1/4
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\*Discontinued item once current stock is exhausted.

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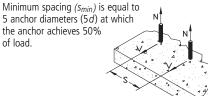
## **Master Pack**

Catalog Number	Anchor Size	Drill Diameter	Standard Box	Standard Carton	Wt./ 100
2939	1/4" x 3/4"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	1 1/2
2940	1/4" x 1"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	1 3/4
2942	1/4' x 1 1/4"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	2 1/4
2944	1/4" x 1 1/2"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	2 1/2
2946	1/4" x 2"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	3
2948	1/4" x 2 1/4"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	3 1/2
2949	1/4" x 3"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	4 1/4

## Mushroom Head with No. 2 Phillips Head Perma-Seal Screw

Catalog Number	Anchor Size	Drill Diameter	Standard Box	Standard Carton	Wt./ 100
2817	1/4" x 1 1/4"	1/4"	100	500	2 1/4
2818 Master Pack	1/4" x 1 1/4"	1/4"	1,000	1,000	2 1/4

**Notes:** For anchors loaded in tension and shear, the critical spacing ( $s_{cr}$ ) is equal to 10 anchor diameters (10*d*) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load.

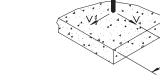


**Notes:** For anchors loaded in tension, the critical edge distance  $(c_{cr})$  is equal to 12 anchor diameters (12*d*) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load.

Minimum edge distance (*c<sub>min</sub>*) is equal to 5 anchor diameters (5*d*) at which the anchor achieves 80% of load.



**Notes:** For anchors loaded in shear, the critical edge distance ( $c_{cr}$ ) is equal to 12 anchor diameters (12*d*) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load. Minimum edge distance ( $c_{min}$ ) is equal to 5 anchor diameters (5*d*) at which the anchor achieves 50% of load.



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